📍VERB ing📍

Verb ing ini sebenarnya adalah verb 1 yang ditambahkan ing. Fungsi dari verb ing ini adalah **untuk menyatakan hal yang sedang kita lakukan**.

Tapi, VERB ing gak bisa berdiri sendiri. Maka dari itu, harus ada TO BE yang "membantunya" untuk berdiri.

🌸Contoh:

🌼I **am reading** a book.

Aku **sedang** membaca buku.

🌼She **was cooking** in the kitchen when her daughter woke up.

Dia **sedang memasak** di dapur **ketika** anaknya bangun.

🌼He **will be teaching** a class tomorrow morning.

Dia **akan** (sedang) mengajar **besok** pagi.

KESIMPULAN:

Verb ing selalu membutuhkan TO BE untuk bisa berdiri dan diartikan sebagai kegiatan yang sedang berlangsung.

Jadi, kalau teman2 menemukan VERB ing tanpa to be, pasti itu bukan verb.

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Sekarang coba terjemahkan ini.

Kamu udah denger kabar tentang Lucinta belum? Denger2 dia pacaran sama Boy. Kirain dia cewek yang pemalu

= Have you heard some news about Lucinta? Btw, she is dating Boy. I thought she was shy girl.

Second question,

What is the difference between...

I was watching TV at 8

= keadaan pada jam 8, dimulai sebelum jam 8 (di masa lalu)

sama...

I watched TV at 8

= baru mulai nonton tv jam 8 (di masa lalu)

Usually, I work

as a secretary at ABT, but this summer I am studying

French at a language school in Paris. That is why I am in Paris

Justin is writing (write, currently)

a book about his adventures in Tibet. I hope he can find a good publisher when he is finished.

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Nah, selain be + verb ING, ada lagi tuh HAVE/HAS BEEN VERB ING.

Apa bedanya?

Kita pakai **is, am, are verb ING** untuk hal yang **sedang dilakukan**. **Bersifat sementara**.

Sedangkan kalau kita mau menekankan pada **berapa lama sih hal itu dilakukan**, baru kita pakai **HAVE/HAS BEEN VERB ING.**

Contoh:

A: Hey, what are you doing?

B: I am reading a book.

A: How long have you been doing that?

B: I have been reading a book for 30 minutes.

Susie was watching (watch) a film when she hearded (hear) the noise.

(kejadiannya tadi malam ini ceritanya)

It (rain) has been raining all week. I hope it stops by Saturday because I want to go to the beach.

= karena ada durasi (**all week**). Ketika ada durasi maka pakai been + verbing

It is raining. I hope it stops now.

= Boleh. Karna tidak ada durasi

What about this one?

Sid: Where is Gary?

Sarah: He is studying (study, at the library) for his German test on Wednesday. In fact, he has been reviewing (review) for the test every day for the last week.

Kalau misal yang ini apa?

Inget konteks ygy.

Don't forget to take your umbrella. It (rain) is raining.